

Study details

Research institution: Dr. Justin McCoy, Agronomist North Mississippi Research and Extension Center

Date: April 2021 - September 2021

Location: Mississippi, United States Crop variety: Zea Mays, DKC 67-44

Fertilizer: *Granubor*® and ulexite as the B source (0, 0.5, 1.0, and 2.0 lbs/acre)

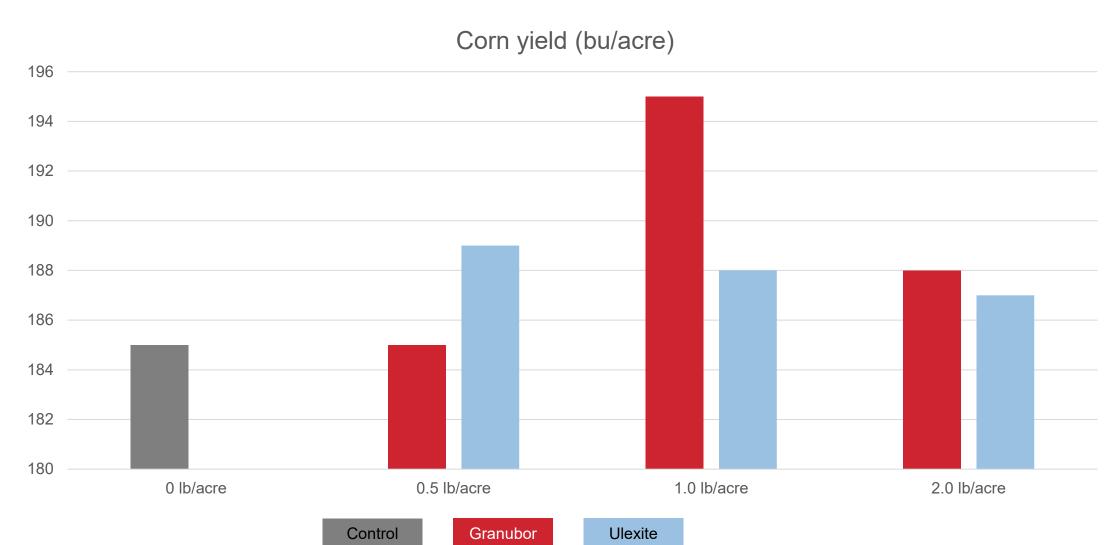
Trial design: Randomized complete block with three repetitions

Results

The study was conducted for only one year. *Granubor* showed a better performance than the control and ulexite at 1.0 and 2.0 lbs/acre even though not statistically different.











Study details

Research institution: University of Kentucky

Location: Kentucky, United States

Date: 2020 growing season

Fertilizers: *Granubor*® (0, 0.5, 1.0, and 2.0 kg/ha)

Trial design: Randomized complete block with three repetitions. All plots received 50 lb/acre N and

60 lb/acre P₂O₅ in 2x2 at planting and 150 lb/acre N at side-dress.

Results

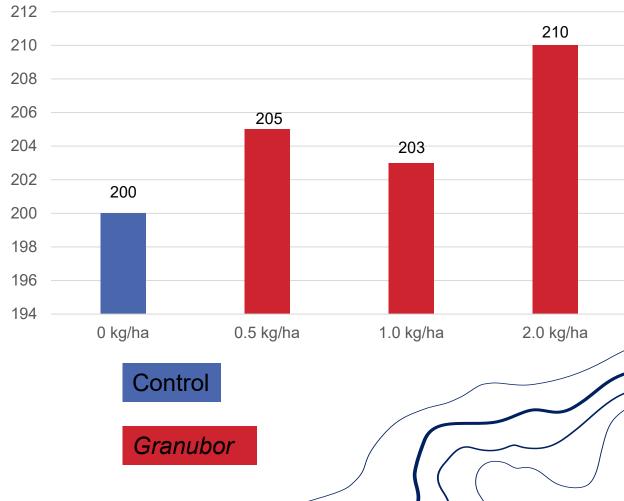
The study was conducted for only one year. *Granubor* showed a better performance than the control at all rates even though not statistically different.







Corn yield (bu/acre)





Study details

Date: 2004

Location: Weakley County, Tennessee, United States

Soil: Loring soil loam, P ppm 42, K ppm 130, pH 4.9, CEC 9.6, organic matter 0.8%

Fertilizer: Borax blended with MOP at 0 and 1.5 lbs B/ac

Trial design: Randomized complete block design with 6 replications and 2 treatments

Results

A significant increase in yield was found with 1.5 lbs B/ac applied as borax (sodium tetraboarate decahydrate)



Average corn yield, meh 3 soil boron, and leaf tissue boron

Treatment (lbs B/acre)	Yield (bu/acre)	Meh 3 B (ppm)	Plant tissue (ppm)
0	156	0.47	7.2
1.5	169	0.55	8.0
Significance	0.05		